

The Theory of Languages

Highlights in London

September 12-15, 2017

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Universal laws

$$a \cup b = b \cup a$$

(commutativity of union)

$$a \cdot (b \cdot c) = (a \cdot b) \cdot c$$

(associativity of concatenation)

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Variables in X

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Regular operators

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Mirror image 

Intersection 

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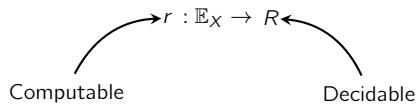
Language equivalence

$\text{Lang} \models e \simeq f$ iff $\forall \Sigma, \forall \sigma : X \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\Sigma^*), \hat{\sigma}(e) = \hat{\sigma}(f).$

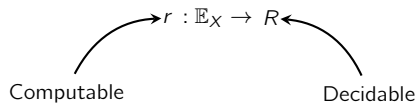
representation

$$r : \mathbb{E}_X \rightarrow R$$

Effective representation

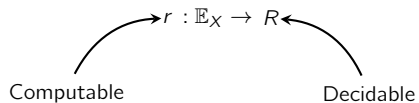


Effective free representation



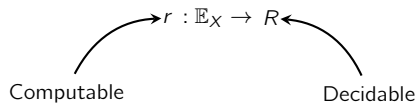
$$r(e) = r(f) \iff \text{Lang} \models e \simeq f$$

Effective free representation



$$Ax \vdash e = f \iff r(e) = r(f) \iff \text{Lang} \models e \simeq f$$

Effective free representation



$$Ax \vdash e \leq f \iff r(e) \sqsubseteq r(f) \iff \text{Lang} \models e \subseteq f$$

Free representations: Kleene Algebra

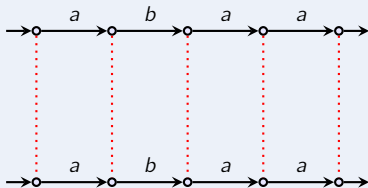
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Multiplicative fragment: $s, t ::= 1 \mid e \cdot f$

Words



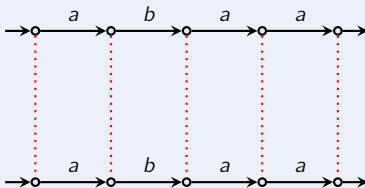
Equality

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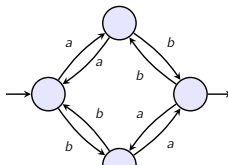


Equality

Add unions: take sets of things

Sets of words = languages

Finite state automata



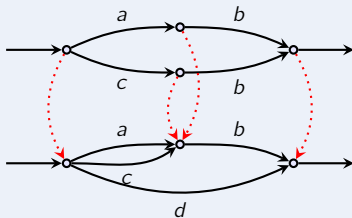
Free representations: Identity free Kleene Lattices

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Series parallel graphs

Graph homomorphism



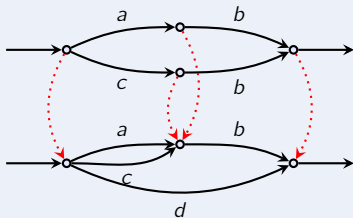
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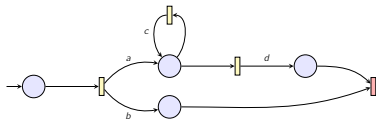


Graph homomorphism

Add unions: take sets of things

Set of graphs = ideals of graph languages

Petri automata



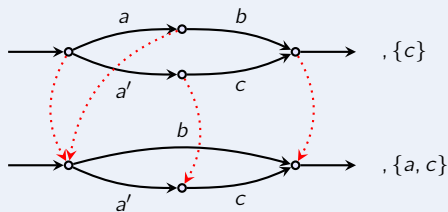
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Series parallel graphs with tests

Weak-morphisms



Add unions: take sets of things

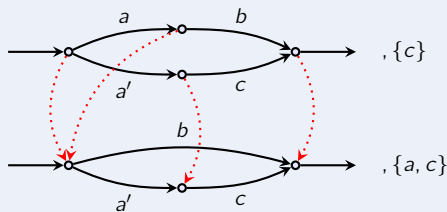
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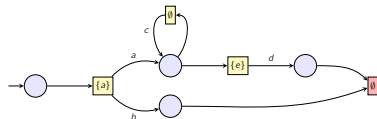
Weak-morphisms



Add unions: take sets of things

Set of weak graphs = ideals of weak graph languages

Weighted Petri automata



Main results

$$e, f \in \mathbb{E}_X ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e \cup f \mid e \cap f \mid e \cdot f \mid e^\smile \mid e^*.$$

Decidability theorem

The equational theory of languages over \mathbb{E}_X is ExpSpace-complete.

Hardness comes from the universality problem for regular languages with intersection.

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$$e, f \in \mathbb{E}_X^{fin} ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e \cup f \mid e \cap f \mid e \cdot f \mid e^\smile.$$

Axiomatisability theorem

The equational theory of languages over \mathbb{E}_X^{fin} is finitely axiomatisable.

Open problems

1. Can we axiomatize with e^* ?

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- II. Is there a free representation with residuals?

$$b \leq a \setminus c \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \cdot b \leq c \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \leq c / b$$

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That's all folks!

See more at:
<http://paul.brunet-zamansky.fr>

Outline

I. Talk

II. Extra: bibliography

III. Extra: free representation

IV. Extra: decidability and complexity

V. Extra: axiomatization

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Andréka & Bredikhin, **The equational theory of union-free algebras of relations**, 1995

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Weak graphs

Definition

A weak graph is a pair of a graph and a set of tests.

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Weak graph preorder

$\langle G, A \rangle \blacktriangleleft \langle H, B \rangle$ if $B \subseteq A$ and there is an A -weak morphism from H to G .

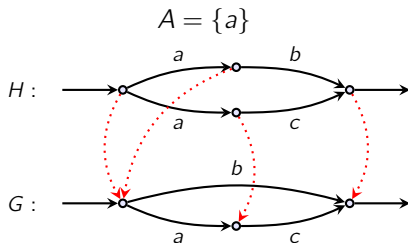
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For every term $u \in \mathbb{T}_X$ we can build a weak graph $\mathcal{G}(u)$.

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For every term $u \in \mathbb{T}_X$ we can build a weak graph $\mathcal{G}(u)$.

Corollary

$$\text{Lang} \models u \subseteq v \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{G}(u) \blacktriangleleft \mathcal{G}(v).$$

Free representation of expressions

$$e, f \in \mathbb{E}_X ::= 0 \mid 1 \mid a \mid e \cup f \mid e \cap f \mid e \cdot f \mid e^\smile \mid e^\star.$$

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\mathbb{E}_X

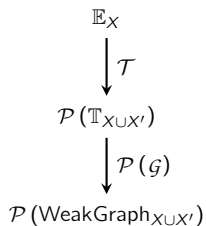
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$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{E}_X \\ \downarrow \mathcal{T} \\ \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{T}_{X \cup X'}) \end{array}$$

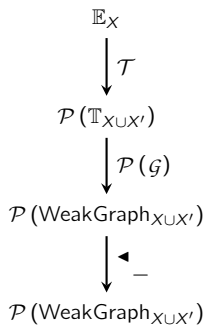
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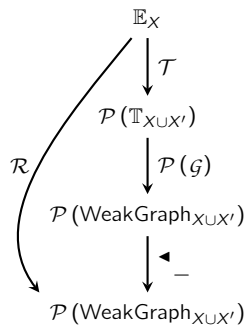
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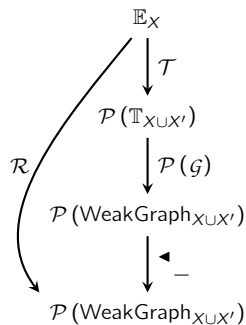
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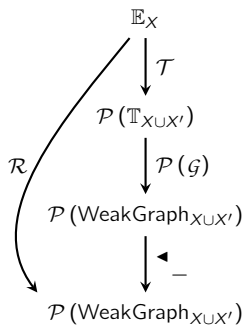


Theorem

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Lemma

If e doesn't use the Kleene star, then $\mathcal{T}(e)$ is finite.

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Decidability and Complexity

Representation Theorem

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$\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}(e)) = \mathcal{R}(e)$ and $|\mathcal{A}(e)| = |e| \times 2^{|\mathcal{X}|}$.

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Simulation algorithm

Comparing Weighted Petri automata is ExpSpace.

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Main Theorem

The equational theory of languages over the signature \mathbb{E}_X is ExpSpace-complete.

Axiomatization for series parallel terms

$u, v, w \in \mathbb{SP}_X ::= a \mid u \parallel v \mid u \cdot v, \quad A \subseteq X.$

$$\overline{A \vdash_{sp} u \leq u}$$

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Monotonicity

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Associativity

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Meet-semilattice

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Super-units

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- ▶ $\langle 0, 1, \cdot, \cup \rangle$ is an idempotent semi-ring;
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- ▶ mirror image laws:

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